Appl. No.: 10/595,274 Filed: March 29, 2007 Amdt. dated 06/07/2010

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (Cancelled)

2. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 11 wherein the said null thread is

arranged to contain comprises code for performing the defragmentation of the data.

3. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 11 wherein the said null thread-is

arranged to contain comprises code for causing a further code to perform the defragmentation of

the data.

(Currently amended) The method according to claim 11 wherein the said <u>null</u> thread

comprises a thread of operating system code for causing the computing device to adopt a reduced

power mode by placing a central processing unit of the computing device into a standby mode,

thereby to further reduce the power consumer from the power resources of the computing device.

(Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 11 wherein the said <u>null</u> thread

comprises a thread which is arranged configured to be a first thread to run at boot time of the

computing device.

6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 11 wherein the computing

device is selected to comprises a wireless information device.

Appl. No.: 10/595,274 Filed: March 29, 2007

Amdt. dated 06/07/2010

Claims 7 to 10 (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) A method of managing in a computing device the use of

random access memory arranged in the form of a plurality of blocks and used to store data in the

form of a plurality of frame pages, the method comprising:

using a null thread in a computing device of operating system code which is arranged to

run on the computing device when no other thread is ready to run to initiate to trigger initiation

of defragmentation of the data stored in the form of a plurality of frame pages on a memory of

the computing device, the memory being arranged in the form of a plurality of blocks, wherein

the computing device has an operating system configured to run the null thread[[,]]; and

eharacterised by restricting defragmentation of the data to occur only when in an instance

in which it is determined that the frame pages of data after defragmentation can be held in a

reduced number of blocks of memory in comparison to prior to defragmentation,

thereby to reduce the number of blocks of the memory used to store the frame

pages of data and requiring to be refreshed, and thereby reduce the power consumed from the

power resources of the computing device to store the said data.

12. (Currently amended) An apparatus computing device having an operating system

configured to run a null thread, programmed to manage the use of the computing device's

random access memory (RAM), said RAM being arranged in the form of a plurality of blocks

and used to store data in the form of a plurality of frame pages, the apparatus comprising:

Appl. No.: 10/595,274 Filed: March 29, 2007

Amdt. dated 06/07/2010

means for initiating defragmentation of the data using [[a]] the null thread to trigger

initiation of defragmentation of data stored in the form of a plurality of frame pages on a

memory, the memory being arranged in the form of a plurality of blocks of operating system

code arranged to run on the computing device when no other thread is ready to run;

means for restricting defragmentation of the data to occur only in an instance in which

when it is determined that the frame pages of data after defragmentation can be held in a reduced

number of blocks of memory in comparison to prior to defragmentation,

thereby reducing the number of blocks of the memory used to store the frame pages of

data and in need of being refreshed, and thereby reducing the power consumed by power

resources of the computing device to store the said data.

13. (Previously presented) A computer program product embodied on a computer-

readable medium, comprising computer software arranged on said computer-readable medium to

cause a computing device to operate according to the method of claim 11 when executed on said

computing device.

14. (New) A method comprising:

detecting running of a null thread on a computing device having an operating system

configured to run the null thread; and

in response to detecting running of the null thread, triggering, by a processor, initiation of

defragmentation of data stored in the form of a plurality of frame pages on a memory arranged in

the form of a plurality of blocks.

Appl. No.: 10/595,274 Filed: March 29, 2007 Amdt. dated 06/07/2010

 (New) The method of Claim 14, further comprising, in an instance in which a hardware interrupt is asserted prior to completion of defragmentation, reverting to handling of a

new thread which is ready to run.

16. (New) The method of Claim 14, wherein in an instance in which defragmentation is completed prior to a thread other than the null thread being ready to run, further comprising

causing the computing device to enter a standby mode.

17. (New) An apparatus comprising at least one processor and at least one memory storing computer program code, wherein the at least one memory and stored computer program

code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause the apparatus to at least:

detect running of a null thread; and

in response to detecting running of the null thread, trigger initiation of defragmentation of data stored in the form of a plurality of frame pages on a memory arranged in the form of a

plurality of blocks.

18. (New) The apparatus of Claim 17, wherein the null thread comprises a thread run

in an instance in which no other thread is ready to run.

19. (New) The apparatus of Claim 17, wherein the at least one memory and stored

computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to further cause the

apparatus to:

Appl. No.: 10/595,274 Filed: March 29, 2007

Amdt. dated 06/07/2010

determine whether defragmentation of the data will result in frame pages of the data

being held in a reduced number of blocks of memory in comparison to a number of blocks of

memory in which the data is held prior to defragmentation; and

wherein the at least one memory and stored computer program code are configured, with

the at least one processor, to cause the apparatus to trigger initiation of defragmentation of the

data only in an instance in which it is determined that defragmentation of the data will result in

frame pages of the data being held in a reduced number of blocks of memory.

20. (New) The apparatus of Claim 17, wherein the null thread comprises a thread of

operating system code configured to cause the apparatus to adopt a reduced power mode by

placing the at least one processor into a standby mode, thereby reducing power consumption

from a power resource of the apparatus.

21. (New) The apparatus of Claim 17, wherein in an instance in which a hardware

interrupt is asserted prior to completion of defragmentation, the at least one memory and stored

computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause the apparatus to

revert to handling of a new thread which is ready to run.

22. (New) The apparatus of Claim 17, wherein in an instance in which

defragmentation is completed prior to a thread other than the null thread being ready to run, the at least one memory and stored computer program code are configured, with the at least one

processor, to cause the apparatus to enter a standby mode.

23. (New) The method of Claim 11, further comprising, in an instance in which a

hardware interrupt is asserted prior to completion of defragmentation, reverting to handling of a

new thread which is ready to run.

Appl. No.: 10/595,274 Filed: March 29, 2007 Amdt. dated 06/07/2010

24. (New) The method of Claim 11, wherein in an instance in which defragmentation is completed prior to a thread other than the null thread being ready to run, further comprising causing the computing device to enter a standby mode.